Appendix 1 - Categories and Placement Types

The services to be provided have been categorised into four categories.

- Category 1 Children's Homes For Children And Young People With Emotional and / or Behavioural Difficulties (EBD) including any or all of the following, but not limited to: young people who are not ready for a family based environment at the point of referral but who may step down after an agreed period in residential care, those who have experienced multiple placement breakdowns, those with high level emotional needs, self-harming and/or eating disorders, CAMHS tier 3, victims of, or at risk of child sexual exploitation or other forms of exploitation, sexualised behaviours, frequent missing episodes and young people who display aggressive or violent behaviours and gang related activities
- Category 2 Children's Homes for Children and Young People who have a Learning Disability
 and/or Autistic Spectrum Condition (ASC) with challenging behaviour including any or all of the
 following, but not limited to: violent and aggressive or highly defiant behaviours, high levels of
 emotional needs and/or anxiety and persistent self-harming, obsessional behaviours, posing
 risk to themselves or others.
- Category 3 Children's Homes that can support Children and Young People with Complex Health Needs and/or Physical Disabilities including any or all of the following, but not limited to: life limiting conditions, disabilities and medical needs
- Category 4 Children's Homes for Children and Young People with Specialist Mental Health Conditions including any or all of the following, but not limited to: psychosis, developmental disorders, emotional disorders and mental illness with co-morbid learning difficulties

The types of placement required are:

Emergency: refers to any placement required the same day, including out of hours placements. This may or may not involve assessment with a view to leading to a short or long term placement. **Short term:** refers to all short-term placements to allow support and interventions to be delivered and plans put in place for an identified move-on placement or reunification home; they may or may not have a defined time period.

Long term: refers to a placement that is likely to be on-going for a period of 12 months or more as identified via the child's statutory review process

Sibling: refers to a placement of two or more siblings requiring to be placed together **Solo:** refers to a young person requiring a solo provision, with no other children or young people placed alongside them

Overnight/short breaks: short term placements, (under s17 or s20 (4) of the Children Act) to give birth family, or other carer a short break from caring for children or young people, including crisis placements for less than 28 days (must be registered with Ofsted or other specified regulator) Remand/PACE: refers to a placement of a child or young person who has been remanded to the care of the local authority or remanded into custody through the Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 (LASPO 2012) or a child or young person who has been transferred from police custody to local authority accommodation under Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE).